





## HUMAN RIGHTS, SOCIAL POWER & EDUCATION

## **Conclusions**

#### 1. General considerations

HHRRs: focused on

- a) living in se (spiritual) and
- b) according to social average, redistributing resources (material)
- SOCIAL POWER is an overarching structure for organizing the society
- EDUCATION is part of a wider whole
- efficacy & transparency in decision making

#### 2. Legal Philosophy approach:

- Education = identify & predict problems, & understand their relevance
- Education has to link all values & human needs,







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## **Conclusions**

- 1. General considerations
- 2. Legal Philosophy approach

### 3. Political economy approach:

- a non-idealistic idea of HHRRs -> do not rely ONLY on ethics & empathy
  - -> we have to keep also in mind the influence of the power structure
- power structure is constituted by:
  - a) redistributing resources (material & spiritual)
  - b) how organize resources: economic efficiency? human targets?
  - c) human values in accordance with efficiency & utility:

notantial of progressing in the future







# HUMAN RIGHTS, SOCIAL POWER & EDUCATION Recommendations for Education

- 1. students are not objects of ED, but subjects
- seek for guidance in order to be able to choose freely what they should later
- a coherent ED has not to be limited to teaching but it also has to offer possibilities to apply what they learn learn the need of HHRRs studying real life cases
- 2. women's empowerment, & sex differences in how to solve problems: males tend to create structures of organization while females just do it straight
- 3. ED has to try to teach people to be skilled & independent to act
- **4.** not be limited to **HHRRs**, but remember **human duties**, too we have to be also responsible for the rights of the others